1	SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY REVISIONS	
2	2021 GENERAL SESSION	
3	STATE OF UTAH	
4	Chief Sponsor: Todd D. Weiler	
5	House Sponsor: Craig Hall	
6 7	LONG TITLE	
8	General Description:	
9	This bill makes changes to the process and requirements for individuals who petition	
)	for removal from the Sex and Kidnap Offender Registry.	
1	Highlighted Provisions:	
)	This bill:	
,	<ul> <li>requires that the Department of Corrections automatically remove individuals from</li> </ul>	
-	the Sex and Kidnap Offender Registry who qualify;	
	<ul> <li>provides that the department shall notify an individual who is removed that the</li> </ul>	
)	individual has been removed;	
7	<ul> <li>allows for an individual who has not been automatically removed from the registry</li> </ul>	
3	by the Department of Corrections but believes their offense is no longer registrable	
)	to request removal;	
)	removes the authority of the Department of Corrections to charge a fee to process a	
-	request for removal;	
2	removes the requirement that registrants must comply with all registration	
,	requirements in order to be eligible for removal through petition; and	
4	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>	
5	Money Appropriated in this Bill:	
	None	
	Other Special Clauses:	
	This bill provides a coordination clause.	
)	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>	

-	AMENDS:
	77-41-112, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 382
	77-41-113, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 237
	Utah Code Sections Affected by Coordination Clause:
	77-41-112, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 382
-	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 77-41-112 is amended to read:
	77-41-112. Removal from registry Requirements Procedure.
	(1) An offender who is required to register with the Sex and Kidnap Offender Registry
	may petition the court for an order removing the offender from the Sex and Kidnap Offender
	Registry if:
	(a) (i) the offender [is] was convicted of an offense described in Subsection (2);
	(ii) at least five years have passed after the day on which the offender's sentence for the
	offense [terminates] terminated;
	(iii) the offense is the only offense for which the offender [is] was required to register;
	(iv) the offender [is] has not been convicted of another offense, excluding a traffic
	offense, [after] since the day on which the offender [is] was convicted of the offense for which
	the offender is required to register, as evidenced by a certificate of eligibility issued by the
	bureau;
	(v) the offender successfully [completes] completed all treatment ordered by the court
	or the Board of Pardons and Parole relating to the offense; and
	(vi) the offender [pays] has paid all restitution ordered by the court or the Board of
	Pardons and Parole relating to the offense; [and] or
	[(vii) the offender complies with all registration requirements required under this
1	chapter at all times; or]
	(b) (i) if the offender is required to register in accordance with Subsection
	77-41-105(3)(a);

58	(ii) at least 10 years have passed after the later of:
59	(A) the day on which the offender [is] was placed on probation;
60	(B) the day on which the offender [is] was released from incarceration to parole;
61	(C) the day on which the offender's sentence [is] was terminated without parole;
62	(D) the day on which the offender [enters] entered a community-based residential
63	program; or
64	(E) for a minor, as defined in Section 78A-6-105, the day on which the division's
65	custody of the offender [is] was terminated;
66	(iii) the offender $[is]$ has not been convicted of another offense that is a class A
67	misdemeanor, felony, or capital felony within the most recent 10-year period after the date
68	described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii), as evidenced by a certificate of eligibility issued by the
69	bureau;
70	(iv) the offender successfully [completes] completed all treatment ordered by the court
71	or the Board of Pardons and Parole relating to the offense; and
72	(v) the offender [pays] has paid all restitution ordered by the court or the Board of
73	Pardons and Parole relating to the offense[; and].
74	[(vi) the offender complies with all registration requirements required under this
75	chapter at all times.]
76	(2) The offenses referred to in Subsection (1)(a)(i) are:
77	(a) Section 76-4-401, enticing a minor, if the offense is a class A misdemeanor;
78	(b) Section 76-5-301, kidnapping;
79	(c) Section 76-5-304, unlawful detention, if the conviction of violating Section
80	76-5-304 is the only conviction for which the offender is required to register;
81	(d) Section 76-5-401, unlawful sexual activity with a minor if, at the time of the
82	offense, the offender is not more than 10 years older than the victim;
83	(e) Section 76-5-401.1, sexual abuse of a minor, if, at the time of the offense, the
84	offender is not more than 10 years older than the victim;

(f) Section 76-5-401.2, unlawful sexual conduct with a 16 or 17 year old, and at the

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time of the offense, the offender is not more than 15 years older than the victim; or

- (g) Section 76-9-702.7, voyeurism, if the offense is a class A misdemeanor.
- (3) (a) (i) An offender seeking removal from the Sex and Kidnap Offender Registry under this section shall apply for a certificate of eligibility from the bureau.
- (ii) An offender who intentionally or knowingly provides false or misleading information to the bureau when applying for a certificate of eligibility is guilty of a class B misdemeanor and subject to prosecution under Section 76-8-504.6.
- (iii) Regardless of whether the offender is prosecuted, the bureau may deny a certificate of eligibility to an offender who provides false information on an application.
- (b) (i) The bureau shall perform a check of records of governmental agencies, including national criminal databases, to determine whether an offender is eligible to receive a certificate of eligibility.
- (ii) If the offender meets the requirements described in Subsection (1)(a) or (b), the bureau shall issue a certificate of eligibility to the offender, which is valid for a period of 90 days after the day on which the bureau issues the certificate.
- (iii) The bureau shall request information from the department regarding whether the offender meets the requirements.
- (iv) (A) Upon request from the bureau under Subsection (3)(b)(iii), the department shall issue a document [that states whether the offender meets the requirements described in Subsection (1)(a) or (b), which may be used by the bureau to determine if a certificate of eligibility is appropriate] on whether the offender meets the requirements described in Subsection (1)(a) or (b), which shall be used by the bureau to determine if a certificate of eligibility is appropriate.
- (B) The document from the department shall also include a statement regarding the offender's compliance with all registration requirements under this chapter.
- (v) The bureau shall provide a copy of the document provided to the bureau under Subsection (3)(b)(iv) to the offender upon issuance of a certificate of eligibility.
- 113 (4) (a) (i) The bureau shall charge application and issuance fees for a certificate of

eligibility in accordance with the process in Section 63J-1-504.

(ii) The application fee shall be paid at the time the offender submits an application for a certificate of eligibility to the bureau.

- (iii) If the bureau determines that the issuance of a certificate of eligibility is appropriate, the offender will be charged an additional fee for the issuance of a certificate of eligibility.
- (b) Funds generated under this Subsection (4) shall be deposited into the General Fund as a dedicated credit by the department to cover the costs incurred in determining eligibility.
- (5) (a) The offender shall file the petition, including original information, the court docket, the certificate of eligibility from the bureau, and the document from the department described in Subsection (3)(b)(iv) with the court, and deliver a copy of the petition to the office of the prosecutor.
- (b) Upon receipt of a petition for removal from the Sex and Kidnap Offender Registry, the office of the prosecutor shall provide notice of the petition by first-class mail to the victim at the most recent address of record on file or, if the victim is still a minor under 18 years of age, to the parent or guardian of the victim.
- (c) The notice described in Subsection (5)(b) shall include a copy of the petition, state that the victim has a right to object to the removal of the offender from the registry, and provide instructions for registering an objection with the court.
- (d) The office of the prosecutor shall provide the following, if available, to the court within 30 days after the day on which the office receives the petition:
  - (i) presentencing report;
  - (ii) an evaluation done as part of sentencing; and
  - (iii) any other information the office of the prosecutor feels the court should consider.
- (e) The victim, or the victim's parent or guardian if the victim is a minor under 18 years of age, may respond to the petition by filing a recommendation or objection with the court within 45 days after the day on which the petition is mailed to the victim.
  - (6) (a) The court shall:

142	(i) review the petition and all documents submitted with the petition; and
143	(ii) hold a hearing if requested by the prosecutor or the victim.
144	(b) The court may grant the petition and order removal of the offender from the registry
145	if the court determines that the offender has met the requirements described in Subsection
146	(1)(a) or (b) and removal is not contrary to the interests of the public.
147	(c) In determining whether removal is contrary to the interests of the public, the court
148	may not consider removal unless the offender has substantially complied with all registration
149	requirements under this chapter at all times.
150	[(c)] (d) If the court grants the petition, the court shall forward a copy of the order
151	directing removal of the offender from the registry to the department and the office of the
152	prosecutor.
153	[(d)] (e) If the court denies the petition, the offender may not submit another petition
154	for three years.
155	(7) The court shall notify the victim and the Sex and Kidnap Offender Registry office
156	in the department of the court's decision within three days after the day on which the court
157	issues the court's decision in the same manner described in Subsection (5).
158	Section 2. Section 77-41-113 is amended to read:
159	77-41-113. Removal for offenses for which registration is no longer required.
160	(1) An individual who is currently on the Sex and Kidnap Offender Registry because of
161	a conviction for any of the following offenses [may contact the department and request
162	removal] shall be automatically removed from the registry by the department if the only offense
163	or offenses for which the individual is on the registry is listed in Subsection (2).
164	(2) This section applies to a conviction for the following offenses:
165	(a) a class B or class C misdemeanor for enticing a minor, Section 76-4-401;
166	(b) kidnapping, based upon Subsection 76-5-301(1)(a) or (b);
167	(c) child kidnapping, Section 76-5-301.1, if the offender was the natural parent of the
168	child victim;
169	(d) unlawful detention, Section 76-5-304;

170	(e) a third degree felony for unlawful sexual intercourse before 1986, or a class B
171	misdemeanor for unlawful sexual intercourse, Section 76-5-401; or
172	(f) sodomy, but not forcible sodomy, Section 76-5-403.
173	(3) The department shall notify any individual who has been removed from the registry
174	in accordance with Subsection (1). The notice shall include a statement that the individual is no
175	longer required to register as a sex offender.
176	(4) An individual who is currently on the Sex and Kidnap Offender Registry may
177	submit a request to the department to be removed from the registry.
178	$[\frac{3}{2}]$ The department, upon receipt of a request for removal from the registry shall:
179	(a) check the registry for the individual's current status;
180	(b) determine whether the individual qualifies for removal based upon this section; and
181	(c) notify the individual in writing of the department's determination and whether the
182	individual:
183	(i) qualifies for removal from the registry; or
184	(ii) does not qualify for removal.
185	$\left[\frac{(4)}{(6)}\right]$ If the department determines that the individual qualifies for removal from the
186	registry, the department shall remove the offender from the registry.
187	$[\frac{5}{2}]$ If the department determines that the individual does not qualify for removal
188	from the registry, the department shall provide an explanation in writing for the department's
189	determination. The department's determination is final and not subject to administrative review.
190	[6] Neither the department nor any employee may be civilly liable for a
191	determination made in good faith in accordance with this section.
192	[ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(9)</u> The department shall provide a response to a request for removal within 30
193	days of receipt of the request [and payment of the fee]. If the response cannot be provided
194	within 30 days, the department shall notify the individual that the response may be delayed up
195	to 30 additional days.
196	[(8) The department may charge a fee, not to exceed \$25, for a request for removal.]
197	Section 3. Coordinating S.B. 165 with S.B. 215 Technical amendment.

If this S.B. 165 and S.B. 215, Sex Offender Registry Amendments, both pass and		
become law, the Legislature intends that the Office of Legislative Research and General		
Counsel, when preparing the Utah Code database for publication, amend Subsection		
77-41-112(3)(b)(iv)(A) in S.B. 165 to read:		
(A) Upon request from the bureau under Subsection (3)(b)(iii), the department shall		
issue a document [that states whether the offender meets the requirements described in		
Subsection (1)(a) or (b), which may be used by the bureau to determine if a certificate of		
eligibility is appropriate] on whether the offender meets the requirements described in		
Subsection (1)(a), (b), or (c), which shall be used by the bureau to determine if a certificate of		
eligibility is appropriate.		